Building Your Financial House

Set the Foundation of Your Future

Module 1 Invest in Yourself Facilitator Guide





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Objectives and Checklist

According to the Framework, a well-built financial house starts with a strong foundation of investing in yourself, seeking education, strengthening personal assets, recognizing opportunities, and setting goals. As a result of Module 1, participants will know how to:

- Define what success means
- Identify the four categories of personal assets
- Recognize the education-to-income relationship
- Recognize opportunity for advancement using personal assets
- Define priorities and SMART financial goals

What we encourage the participants to do with this information is:

- Create a written inventory of their personal assets
- Utilize personal assets to improve their financial position
- Seek additional education and training to continue to grow their personal assets
- Set written, SMART financial goals

To prepare for the session, refer to the following checklist.

Handouts	☐ The Framework for Building Your Financial House
	☐ Module 1 - Participant Guide
	☐ Module 1 - Presentation Slides
	☐ Case Study - Anna R. Client
	☐ Participant Certificates of Participation
Supplies	☐ Computer/laptop, projector, and slide advancer (test prior to start)
	☐ Extension cord
	☐ Adhesive flip chart paper and easel
	☐ Colored markers
	☐ Non-adhesive flip chart paper and easel or dry-erase board
	☐ Multi-colored 3x3 Post-it Notes
	□ Visuals
Room Set-up	☐ Adequate tables and chairs, ideally arranged in a U-shape
	☐ Three large tables or adequate space for small groups to work
	☐ Lay out 'Success' visuals and markers where small groups will work





Visuals

Below are the visual aids that will be used during the presentation of Module 1: Invest in Yourself.

Art Gallery:

- 1. Use adhesive flip-chart paper
- 2. Make one visual for each small group of three participants

Succ	ess

Asset Four Square:

- 1. Use adhesive flip-chart paper
- 2. Consider using laminated labels for use in multiple sessions

Asset Board	

Case Study:

Use non-adhesive flip-chart paper or white board for each chart

Anna's	Assets
Education	Skills & Talents
Personality	Connections
i croonancy	Connections
	1

Destinate Roadblocks	





Session Outline and Activities

Slides	Section	Time Allotted
IIY.1-9	Welcome and Introduction - Ice Breaker: Best/Worst \$50 - How do we learn about money - Framework for Building Your Financial House	15 minutes
IIY.9-14	Module 1: Objectives and Self-Assessment - Pre-Session Assessment, page IIY-3	5 minutes
IIY.15-16	Art Gallery - What is Success? — Small group visual illustration	15 minutes
IIY.17-22	Personal Assets	10 minutes
IIY.23-25	Asset Four Square — Participants create a group collage of personal assets	15 minutes
IIY.26-29	Learning to Earning	10 minutes
IIY.30-32	Case Study: Meet Anna, pages 3-4 - Anna's Assets - Anna's Destination	15 minutes
IIY.33-36	SMART Financial Goals	10 minutes
IIY.37-42	Recap and Take Action	10 minutes
IIY.43-44	Session Evaluation and Closing, page IIY-19	5 minutes



Certificate of Participation

in recognition of your participation on this day,

in the

module of the

Building Your Financial House

Financial Education Program

	our Financial Ĥouse
	Set the Foundation of Your Future
www.phfa.org	www.buildingyourfinancialhouse.org

Τ			4
ır	istr	HC	lor



Time: 15 minutes

Presentation Instruction Guide and Script (italics)

Welcome and Introduction

As participants arrive, hand out the Module 1 - Participant Guide, Presentation Slides, and the Case Study (or program binder if used) and any intake forms that your organization requires.

Discuss any housekeeping issues: silent cell phones, nearest exit, restrooms, parking, judgment free zone, etc.

PHP **Building Your Financial House** WELCOME!

slide IIY.1

Next

Ice breaker: Provide each participant with a small slip of paper.

Explain:

- Before we get started, I'd like you to write down the best \$50 you ever spent; and then the worst \$50 you ever spent.
- It doesn't have to be exactly \$50, just think about the best and worst things on which you spent your money.
- Remember, this is a safe place. What happens in BYFH, stays in BYFH!

Collect the slips of paper and **share** your own best and worst; read 3 or 4 of the participant slips aloud.

Explain:

- The reason we did this is to show us that we are all in this money thing together.
- It doesn't matter who you are in life or how much money you make, we all make really good money choices for ourselves, and we all make not-so-good money choices!
- And...one of your really good choices is that you are here today!

slide IIY.2

Next

Explain:

The objectives of Building Your Financial House are:

Read the objectives as they appear.

- 5. Be in a better position for long-term financial stability and success.

Next





Over the next several sessions, we will cover the following:

Read the topics as they appear.

Note that our final session (#8) will be a recap and celebration session!

6. Protect Your Potential 7. Borrow to Grow

How We Learn About Money

slide IIY.4

slide IIY.5

Next

Explain:

So how do we learn about money? Did you get the money gene? No, of course, not. Understanding and managing money is not something we're born with . . .

Click

Did you learn about money from your parents? Truth is, parents would rather talk to their kids about sex and drugs than money. Parents are reluctant to talk to their kids because of the fear that the kids will tell everybody their financial business. Kids do learn from watching their parents' money attitudes and actions.

Click

Do we learn about money in schools? Some, perhaps, but in PA, only 15% of the 500 (75) or so school districts have a have personal finance graduation requirement. (2016 Report on Economic and Personal Finance Education in PA.)

Click

So, if we don't have genetics, parents and school on our side, we are left with life lessons (empty pockets) to teach us about money.

Next

Explain:

- However it doesn't have to be that way because of the great financial education resources here in Pennsylvania. You are taking advantage of one of those resources right now!
- Through 'Building Your Financial House,' we'll talk about a variety of financial topics, how they work together so you can enjoy financial stability and success, rather than paycheck-to-paycheck.



slide IIY.6





So, what do you think of when you hear the words "financial education?"

Allow for responses.

And, what can we expect from it? The ultimate goal is to build our capacity to make good money decisions that result in financial stability and lead to success. You already shared some good money decisions that you've made in the past, so we are going to just build upon them.

Financial Education Success Seit. Belief Skills Knowledge \$tability

slide IIY.7

Click

We do this with knowledge or learning the 'money facts.'

Click

Then we have to practice and build money skills. Just like learning a sport, we won't be any good if we just read about it; practice, practice, practice. We'll do that in Building Your Financial House with activities, worksheets, and learning more on your own.

Click

After building knowledge and skills, we increase our self-belief that we can do it. And that is how we can establish financial stability and success.

Next

Read the slide.

Question?

What do we need to know, practice, and experience about money to build our financial capability, stability, and success?

Next

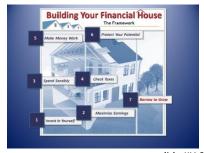
Ask participants to **refer to** the **Framework** handout.

Explain:

That's where the framework for Building Your Financial House comes in. Building a financial house is just like building a physical house.

Using **page two** of the **Framework**, **click** and **read** the description of each 'block' as they appear on the slide.

Next



slide IIY.9





Read the slide and **ask** if participants agree.



Next

Silue IIY.1

Module 1 - Objectives and Self-Assessment

Refer participants to the **Module 1 - Participant Guide** and **Presentation Slides** handouts (or appropriate binder section if consolidated). Participants may prefer to follow the slides, but pages in the guide will be referenced during the presentation so both should be handy.



Time: 5 minutes

slide IIY.11

Next

Remind audience where this module fits in the framework. **Click** and **read** the slide.



Next

slide IIY.12

Refer to page IIY-3, Self-Assessment and Track Your Progress.

Explain:

Each module has a pre-session assessment, a section to set a goal, a list of worksheets to practice, and a section to record your actions taken. This form will be collected at the start of the next session; it will be returned to you to keep with your materials.

Click and **read** the points of the self-assessment. **Ask** participants to complete.



slide IIY.13





Each of the modules in Building Your Financial House will have things that we should know about the topic, but also what we should do with this information, or the actions.

Read the knowledge objectives.

Click and **read** the action objectives.

Next

Identify your personal assets and opportunities Recognize the education-to- Create a checklist of skills and talents Use skills and talents to income relationship improve financial position Seek education and training Set goals according to your Define your priorities

slide IIY.14

Art Gallery – What is Success?

Separate class into small groups of three. Direct groups to the pre-set 'Success' visuals.

Explain:

Close your eyes and think about what comes to mind when you hear the word success. (Pause) Now open them and draw what you pictured in your mind. No words, just pictures.

Allow five minutes for groups to draw their ideas of success and then hang up their visuals on the wall. **Discuss** the commonalities and differences.

Explain:

As you can see, we generally have the same idea of what success means. Keep this in mind over the next nine months. We'll come back to this at the very end to see if our ideas of success change.

Refer to page IIY-5, What is Success?, and explain that the worksheet gives the participants an opportunity to look deeper into their own ideas of success.

Time: 15 minutes

slide IIY.15

				Build	ling Your Financial	House
What is Success?						
Name three people you think are 'successful.'						
Why?						1
How did you think they did it?						1
What do they have in common?						
Am I there now? If not, w	hy not?					1
What do I need to do to g	et there?					
ife's success is influenc	ed by:					
	What we	thin	k of ou	rselve	?s.	
What we	value an	d ha	ve cont	rol of	in our lives.	
			we mo			
Hov	v we talk	to ar	nd relat	e to c	others.	

page IIY-5

Next

Explain:

Ultimately, life's success is not about luck.

Read the slide.

Life's Success ... Influenced By: How we talk and relate to others. How we use our personal assets. slide IIY.16



Personal Assets Time: 10 minutes

Explain:

Let's talk about personal assets. But first, what is an asset?

Allow for 3 or 4 responses. **Click** and **explain**:

An asset is: a valuable possession or quality. We normally think of assets as something having monetary value. Cash, stocks, bonds, etc. But we each have valuable possession or qualities that are uniquely ours as individuals, aka, our personal assets.



slide IIY.17

Next

Explain:

Let's look a little more closely at the categories of personal assets, so you don't miss something that you could be using to your financial advantage.

Read the points.

Next

slide IIY.18

Explain:

Skills are things you do well. Talents are things that come naturally to you. Skills and talents might be a result of our education. They may be physical, such as strength to wield an ax or endurance to drive a rickshaw.

Click

There are academic skills and talents, such as good with numbers, problem solving, or communications.

Click

Practical skills and talents might be crafts and hobbies, such as sewing, cooking, decorating, or carpentry

slide IIY.19

Next

Explain:

Your personality is completely unique to you. Your personality is comprised of distinct qualities and traits. Examples are humor, caring, silly, driven, laid-back, etc.

Read the points.

Next





Lastly, your connections are assets too! Think about:

Read the points.

Personal Assets Connections: — Immediate circle of influence — Who do you respect most and why? — Do/did you have a mentor? — Who can you rely upon? — Who has helped you along the way?

slide IIY.21

Next

Next

Explain:

The most important thing to remember about personal assets is that they are things NOBODY can take away from you.



slide IIY.22

Asset Four Square

Give participants a small stack (8-10) of colored post-it notes; **ask** them to write their personal assets on the papers. **Challenge** them to write down as many as possible but to try for at least one from each category. (Remind participants: judgment-free zone)

Allow five minutes to complete the activity and **instruct** participants to post the notes on the 'Asset Board' visual.

Discuss several of the assets listed and **ask** how they could be used to increase financial position. Keep examples real, i.e., someone who can sing probably can't just go out and make a CD, but singing at weddings for a few extra dollars might be an option.

Refer to **page IIY-7**, **My Asset Four Square**, and explain that the worksheet gives participants an opportunity to fully analyze their own personal assets. **Challenge** the participants to select their top three that they would like an employer to know about them.

Education
Diplomas, degrees, and certificates.
Things you hone by formal or informal study graciles, and training.

Personality
Describe yound!
How family, friends, neighbors, and co-worken describe you.

Tap into and use your assets!

Time: 15 minutes

slide IIY.23

	of assets in terms of money or possessions.
iese assets can be spent, lost, or taken away. I set inventory through education, work, family,	'ersonal assets cannot! We build our personal leisure artivities, and general life experience.
ke a minute to think about your life and catalo wares below. Then, write down what you belie	g your personal assets by completing the four
uares below. Then, write down what you belle ant a potential employer to know.	ive are your top three assets that you would
EDUCATION	SKILLS & TALENTS
Diplomas, degrees, and certificates.	Physical, intellectual, and practical.
Things you know by formal or informal study, practice, and training.	Things you're interested in, like to do, do well, or come naturally to you
and, proceed, and daming.	wai, a come initiating to you
PERSONALITY	CONNECTIONS
Describe yourself. How family, friends, neighbors.	Your circle of influence. People you admire, respect, and have
and co-workers describe you.	helped you along the way.
om the above, what are your top three assets	
1	
2	

page IIY-7



Here are some specific examples of personal assets and how they can be transferred to marketable job skills in an interview or on your resume.

Read the first example; **click** to reveal connection.

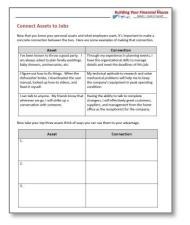
Click and **read** the second example; **click** to reveal connection.

Click and **read** the third example and **read** the connection.

Challenge the participants to create similar scenarios for their own personal assets in the worksheet on page IIY-8, Connect Assets to Jobs.



slide IIY.24



page IIY-8

Explain:

Next

Once you have recognized all of your personal assets, it's time to create opportunities to use them. Update your resume and send it to your current employer's HR and your connections.



slide IIY.25

Next

Learning to Earning

Explain:

We're going to revisit education for a moment. Did you know that the more you learn, the more you earn? Look at this chart from the US Bureau of Labor Statistics which shows the median annual earnings for various levels of attained education. (2014)

Click and **read** the education attained and salary for each level.

Next



Time: 10 minutes





Going to college isn't just for young adults. There are many resources available to non-traditional students, such as:

- Employer tuition assistance/reimbursement
- Testing out of college credits or life experience credits
- Income tax credits
- Scholarships

Refer to page **IIY-11**, **Attending College at Any Age**, and point out that there is additional information that participants can review on their own regarding resources for non-traditional students.



slide IIY.27



page IIY-11

Next

Explain:

The numbers don't lie: formal education is important. However, there are other educational opportunities to think about.

Click and explain: Strengthen basic literacy skills - A 2013 study by the US Dept of Education reports 32 million Americans can't read. According to the National Center for Learning Disabilities (2014), 4.6 million adults have a learning disability. These issues are not uncommon; now is the perfect time to address your needs.

Click and **explain**: Enrichment classes - such as an art, hobby, foreign language, or other topic of interest are available throughout PA.

Click and **explain**: Career training, technical school, and apprenticeship programs - most have flexible schedules that fit with working adults.

Click and **explain**: Small business - PA Small Business Develop Corp has training program at locations around the state. If you have a skill or talent that you believe could be a business, this is the place to start.

Click and **explain**: Volunteering - This can serve two purposes, a necessary resource for non-profit organizations and **free training** for the volunteer.

Next







So, do you think you can BYOB-be your own boss? It takes more than an idea or skill to make a business, but it may be a viable source of income upon your release. Here are some common attributes of entrepreneurs:

Click and **read** as items as they appear.

Refer to **page IIY-13**, **Who's the Boss?**, and explain that the worksheet gives participants an opportunity to assess whether they have the traits of an entrepreneur.



slide IIY.29

	Total I treat it Yearest
Who	's the Boss?
busines may rec much n satisfac	we wer considered starting a business of your own? Starting and managing your own on on all a lot men of you but here, emerge, and sizer than new control they jobs ever do. It quaire a significant investment of your own money and might be risky, but if may prove the property of the
s a list do. As	uccessful entrepreneurs share certain traits. Although it's rare to excel in all areas, here that may help you decide whether starting your own business is something you'd like to your review the items, notice the items you didn't check. To succeed, you'll need to find fill your gapes.
	Key Traits of Successful Business Owners
	Takes initiative; is set-directed and independent; makes things happen, not waiting and reacting
	Driven to achieve; has passion to succeed, energy and stamina; enjoys competition; willing to work more than forty hours a week and sacrifice to achieve goals and dreams
	Positive mental attitude; is self-confident; believes and trust own ideas, instincts, and abilities
	Sets goals and plans ahead; creates a vision of success; creates plans, follows them, and updates periodically, works with focus and intention, anticipates and welcomes new developments
	Resourceful: Is a creative problem-solver, imaginative, and innovative, sees better ways of doing things, uncovers new resources and opportunities, finds a way
	A leader; takes responsibility and accepts accountability, likes to make decisions; shows an attitude of respect for others; gives others the opportunity to be great; shares the credit for success
	A good communicator; likes people; has great people skills; is a good listener and effective negotiator
	Leverages and improves skills: makes the most of personal strengths, but doesn't try to be and do everything always learning and open to new ideas
	Has technical knowledge; understands general business practices and processes to deliver product
	Organized; able to prioritize; can manage time, meets deadlines, and fulfills commitments
	Objective and realistic; able to evaluate and act on calculated risks; can make good decisions under pressure; accepts ups and downs of business, willing to face facts and change strategy when needed
	Uses motity well; good money manager that sees it as a tool for success rather than the goal itself
	Persistent and bounces back: has determination and follow through; accepts rejection and failure; learns from experience and mistakes, creates new plans and moves ahead; never gives up

Next

page IIY-13

Case Study: Meet Anna

Refer to the **Case Study**, **pages 3-5**. **Ask** for volunteers to **read** paragraphs **aloud** on **page 3**.



Next

Using the 'Anna's Asset' visual, ask participants to identify Anna's assets according to the four-square model. The key assets that should be identified are:

- Education: none
- Skills & Talents: Cooking/making homemade pasta/sauce, photography, social media
- Personality: funny, animate, can talk to anyone, driven
- Connections: mom, kids, co-workers

Next







Using the 'Anna's Destination' visual, ask participants to identify where Anna wants to be in life. List all responses in the 'destination' column. The following are the key priorities to be identified:

- Getting a better job (wages, day shift, office work)
- Getting her GED
- Buying a house

Then for each 'destination' discuss the 'roadblocks,' to her goal, and the 'detours' she needs to take to reach each one. The discussion should circle back to a conclusion that with Anna should prioritize getting her GED in order to accomplish her goals.

Refer to page IIY-15, My Destination, and explain that the worksheet gives participants an opportunity to assess their own destination(s), roadblocks, and detours they need to take to get there.



slide IIY.32



page IIY-15

SMART Financial Goals

Read slide. **Pause** and **ask** participants to **repeat** aloud with you.



Time: 10 minutes

Next

Next

Explain:

So, to help us to not get stuck with financial circumstances we do not desire, we need to set goals and make the choices necessary to achieve them.

Read slide.

Next







Regardless of what we want to achieve, financially, the goal should be SMART. Does that mean there are stupid goals? No! Setting SMART goals is an approach to give you the best chance of achieving them! A SMART goal is:

Read slide.

Next



Explain:

To show how to set SMART goals, let's look at Anna's goal to save ½ month's rent.

Click

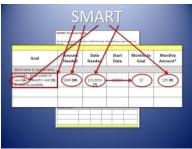
Here is that goal framed as a SMART financial goal: "I want to save 1/2 month's rent, \$300 within in one year.

Click

Read the (SMART) item as it appears; **click** to the next item.

Refer to page IIY-16, SMART Financial Goals, and explain that the worksheet gives participants an opportunity to set their own SMART financial goals.





slide IIY.36



page IIY-15





Time: 10 minutes

Recap and Take Action

Explain:

You made it through the first module! Whew!



Next

slide IIY.37

Explain:

Let's recap.

Read points.



Next

Refer back to page IIY 3; Self-Assessment and Track Your Progress.

Click and **read** the goal section. **Clarify** any questions on setting a goal.

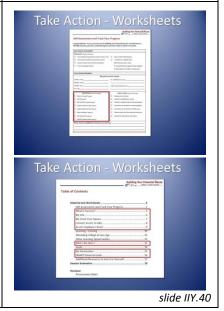


slide IIY.39

Next

Highlight the list of worksheets that are in the module.

Click and **read** the worksheet titles and page numbers on **page IIY-2**, **Table of Contents**. We found participants prefer to circle each page number on the Table of Contents for an easier reference. You may want to show the actual pages to further clarify.







Refer to pages **IIY 17-18**, **Additional Resources to** *Invest in* **Yourself**, which contain online resources for those participants who would like to learn more on their own.



slide IIY.41

Next

Refer back to **page IIY 3**. **Click** and **point out** the list of desired actions to be taken as a result of the module. Stress the importance of keeping a record of the progress the participants are making.



slide IIY.42

Next

Session Evaluation and Closing

Refer to **page IIY-19**, **Session Evaluation**, and **ask** participants complete the evaluation.



Time: 5 minutes

slide IIY.43

Next

Collect session evaluation and any intake forms. **Remind** participants of the next session's date and time, as well as, any additional housekeeping details before dismissing.



slide IIY.44





Participant Guide

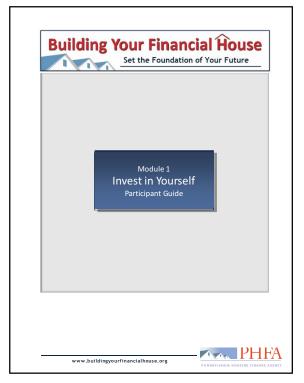
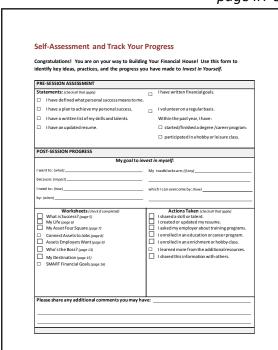


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page IIY-1

page IIY-2

page IIY-3



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What is Success?	
Name three people you think are 'successful.'	
Why?	
How did you think they did it?	
What do they have in common?	
What is my own idea of succes Am I there now? If not, why n	
Am I there now? If not, why n	iot?
What do I need to do to get th	iere?
Life's success is influenced b	by:
	that we think of ourselves. Alue and have control of in our lives.
How w	Decisions we make. ve talk to and relate to others.
	we use our personal assets.
	,

My Life		
	Check all the areas listed belo	
	you believe you have control i	n your life.
	Appearance	Children
	Skills	Spouse/boy or girlfriend
	Attitudes	Home
	Behavior	Income
	What I think	Relatives
	Knowledge	Transportation
	Weaknesses	Child care
	Education	Job
	Self-belief	Chores/housekeeping
	Independence	Health
	Goals	Recreation
	Decision making	Family time
Ultimately	, you decide:	
Ortimatery	•	
	What you think o	•
	What you do with	
	Who you d	ire!
	Source: Adapted	rom Skills for Taking Control of Your Life (Penn State Extension)
		. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

page IIY-6

page IIY-8

page IIY-5

page IIY-7

An asset is something of value. We usually think of assets in terms of money or possessions. These assets can be spent, lost, or taken away. Personal assets cannot! We build our personal asset inventory through education, work, family, leisure activities, and general life experience. Take a minute to think about your life and catalog your personal assets by completing the four squares below. Then, write down what you believe are your top three assets that you would want a potential employer to know.

My Asset Four Square

EDUCATION Diplomas, degrees, and certificates.	SKILLS & TALENTS Physical, intellectual, and practical.
Things you know by formal or informal study, practice, and training.	Things you're interested in, like to do, do well, or come naturally to you
PERSONALITY Describe yourself.	CONNECTIONS Your circle of influence.
How family, friends, neighbors, and co-workers describe you.	People you admire, respect, and have helped you along the way.
the above, what are your top three assets	
1	

Connect	Assets	to.	lobs	

Now that you know your personal assets and what employers want, it's important to make a concrete connection between the two. Here are some examples of making that connection.

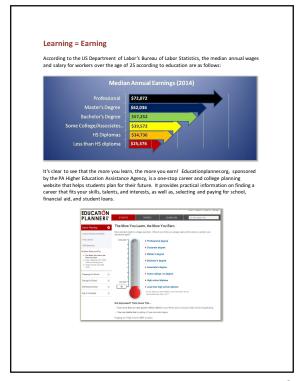
Asset	Connection
I've been known to throw a good party. I am always asked to plan family weddings, baby showers, anniversaries, etc.	Through my experience in planning events, I have the organizational skills to manage details and meet the deadlines of this job.
I figure out how to fix things. When the dishwasher broke, I downloaded the user manual, looked up how-to videos, and fixed it myself.	My technical aptitude to research and solve mechanical problems will help me to keep the company's equipment in peak operating condition.
I can talk to anyone. My friends know that wherever we go, I will strike up a conversation with someone.	Having the ability to talk to complete strangers, I will effectively greet customers, suppliers, and management from the home office as the receptionist for the company.

Now take your top three assets think of ways you can use them to your advantage.

Asset	Connection
1.	
2.	
3.	



Assets Employers Want Even if you think that you don't have enough education or work experience, you probably do have a few of the right personal assets to make an impact with the right person at the right time. So what personal assets do employers value? Here are some examples of things that are important to employers. Check those that you believe you have. Strong work ethic, conscientious, reliable Positive attitude, upbeat, generate good will Good communication skills, speaks clearly, good listener Time management, prioritizes and multi-tasks, uses time wisely Problem-solver, makes decisions $\hfill \square$ Team player, cooperates with others, accepts responsibility Self-confidence, motivated, asks questions, contributes ideas Personal growth, interested in learning Focused and driven, goal-oriented Flexible and adaptable, open to new ideas ☐ Work under pressure, comes through in a pinch Follows rules and fits into the structure Gets along well with people from all backgrounds Source: Adapted from New Directions (Washington State Employment Security Dep



page IIY-10

, ,

page IIY-9

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Not everybody who attends college is 18 years old. According to the National Center for Education Statistics, about 6 million people age 25 or older are enrolled in some form of higher education. It's never too late to consider furthering your own education.

Non-traditional students (those who fall outside the 18- to 24-age range) have different financial concerns than younger students. Chances are Mom and Dad aren't helping to pay your tuition, and, you may have responsibilities cubh as children and full-time jobs. The good news is that there are resources to help you along the way.

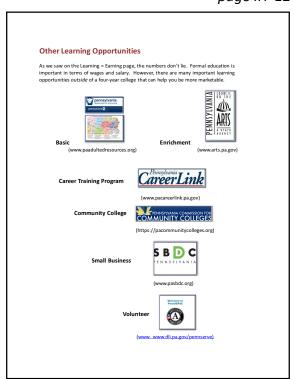
Tips for Non-traditional Student

These ideas are specifically targeted to non-traditional students to help you cope financially as you pursue your degree. In addition to federal, state, or school specific financial aid, there are other opportunities to help pay for education or reduce overall costs.

- Tuition Assistance Programs-Some companies will pay part or all of your tuition, fees, and books if you go to school.
- Test Out of College Credits-Many colleges accept credits earned by taking standardized tests such as the College-Level Examination Program (CLEP), among others.
- Life Experience Credit-Some colleges give academic credit for prior life or work experience.
- Credit for Non-college Classes or Training-Employers, volunteer organizations, and the military offer courses and training that can translate into college credit.
- Childcare Assistance Programs-Some colleges have regulated day-care centers on campus and offer financial assistance for students who meet certain criteria.
- 6. Take Advantage of Tax Credits-The Hope and Lifetime Learning tax credits are two tax incentives for those who qualify.
- Apply for Scholarships-Scholarships may be available specifically for non-traditional students.

Check with your human resources department, tax consultant, and financial aid or admissions office to see if any of these could be a possibility for you.

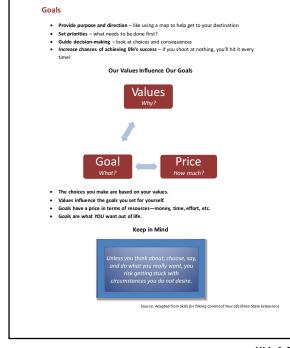
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Who's the Boss? Have you ever considered starting a business of your own? Starting and managing your own business can ask a lot more of you in time, energy, and talent than most other jobs ever do. It may require a significant investment of your own money and might be risky, but it may prove much more rewarding than a regular job. Running your own business can give you the satisfaction of using your talents and doing work you enjoy. If you're a good money manager, it can be financially rewarding, too. Many successful entrepreneurs share certain traits. Although it's rare to excel in all areas, here is a list that may help you decide whether starting your own business is something you'd like to do. As you review the items, notice the items you didn't check. To succeed, you'll need to find ways to fill your gaps. Key Traits of Successful Business Owners Wates initiative; is self-directed and independent makes things happen, not waiting and reacting briven to achieve; has passion to succeed, energy and stamina, enjoys competitor, willing to work more than forty hours are week and scriftice to achieve goals and dreams Desirity mental attitude; is self-directed and independent makes things happen, not waiting and reacting briven to achieve; has passion to succeed, energy and stamina, enjoys competitor, willing to work more than forty hours are week and sacrifice to achieve goals and plants already creates vivion of success; creates plans, follows them; and updates periodially, works with flocus and inclined, natificates and review of the development is reported to the problem-solver, imaginate, and innovative; sees better ways of doing things; uncovers new teacemers and opportunition, anticipates and decisions them and updates periodially, works with flocus and inclined, marking and accepts accountability; like to make decisions, shows an attitude of respect for others; good communicator; like speople has great people skills; is a good listeneer and effective negotiator leverages and improves skills; makes the



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Think about where you want to be. What is your destination? Use the following chart to write down some goals that you have. What are the roadblocks to getting there? What detours are necessary to get to your destination?

Destination	Roadblocks	Detour

IVIAIT I IIIaiiciai	Goals				
he key to accomplishing nake sure they are:	your goals is S	MART plannii	ng. When s	etting your fina	incial goals,
Specific -	define your go	al			
M easurab	ole – a set amo	unt (\$)			
	ented – need t		-	e, make extra p	ayments, etc.
	given your cur	rent resource	is		
Timely – s	et a due date				
Goal	Amount Needed	Date Needed	Start Date	Months to Goal	Monthly Amount
Short-term (1 year or less)					
Mid-term (2-5 years)					
Long-term (5+years)					
	Т		Ι	1	



Action Without Borders: www.idealist.org Institute lob Seekers The conflict seekers American Education Service: www.educationplanne.org The More You Learn. The More You Earn See how more education leads to a bigger paycheck with this interactive tool. Which Careers Match Your Sulfs? The Sortions: www.career solutionspublishing.com Top 10 Tips for Work Readiness Here is a last of tips to help you become more successful at work. Commonwealth Workforce Development System: www.cwds.state.pa.us The CWDS website provides a provides information and access to Pennsylvania workforce development and independent living services provided by the Departments of Labor & Industry and Public Welfare Certified TAA/WAI Training Programs Browse the listing of occupational training providers that have been approved through the federal Trade Adjustment Assistance/Workforce Investment Act. Family Economics and Financial Education: www.takechargedoway.ariona.edu Financial Planning This online article helps you plan your financial goals, lifestyle conditions, financial life style, penonal financial invanagement, and life cycle needs in order to achieve financial success. Federal Trade Commission: fr.cgov FIC Facts for Consumers Student Loans: Avoiding Deceptive Offer This brocknee helps you learn what and what not to do when i

National Endowment for Financial Education: www.smartaboutmoney.org
Smartaboutmoney.org is an unbiased website to find practical articles, worksheets, tips, and valuable resources to help you understand and manage your money.

**Resource Library is a collection of tools and materials to provide you with credible and unbiased information on job and careers.

**PA Department of Community and Economic Development: www.newpa.com

**Enterpreneur's Guide: Starring and Growing a Business in Pennsylvaria

This guide is filled with information on free services, hetek lists, helpful tips and licensing procedures if you would like to start a small business.

**PA Higher Education Assistance Agency (PHEAA): www.pheaa.org

**PHEAA's website provides information on planning, financing and helpful tools to help you get organized and prepared for higher education.

**Be Prepared To File Ime FAESA

This is a checklist of information that is needed to complete the FAESA.

**You Don't Have To Shell Out To Fill: Low Little Low Little Li

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Session Evaluation					
We hope you found today's session engaging and of val your opinions and comments so we may continue to im					
	Excellent	Very Good	Good	Fair	Poor
Overall, I feel the session was:					
The location of the session was:				0	
The meeting room and facilities were:					
Before the session:					
My knowledge and skills about the topic were:					
After the session:					
My knowledge and skills about the topic are:					
My confidence to apply what I have learned today is:					
During the Session:	Strongly Agree	Agree	Not Sure	Disagree	Strongly
The instructions were clear and easy to follow.		-			
The time allocated was right for the topic.					
There was ample opportunity to share experiences/ideas.					
The overhead slides were clear and helped my learning.					
The activities and examples helped my learning.					
The activities and examples were relevant to my situation.				0	
The instructor:					
Was knowledgeable about the topic.					
Delivered lessons in a clear and understandable manner.					
Was engaging and encouraged interaction.				0	
Was well-prepared.					
Was approachable and open to questions.					
The session:					
Met my expectations.					
Was of value to me.					
Has motivated me to take action.					
Final Questions					
The most valuable thing I learned today was:	What was t could it be			of the sessio	n and how
Additional comments:					

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